

No less than 108 Incidents of Attack on Vital Civilian Facilities in February 2017

The Syrian Regime Doesn't Care
about the Ceasefire Agreement

SNHR

SYRIAN NETWORK FOR HUMAN RIGHTS

الشبكة السورية لحقوق الإنسان

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The Syrian Network for Human Rights, founded in June 2011, is a non-governmental, non-profit independent organization that is a primary source for the United Nations on all death toll-related statistics in Syria



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I. Executive Summary

On December 30, 2016, a comprehensive ceasefire was announced in Syria under a Russian-Turkish sponsorship. The parties signing to the statement - the Syrian regime, on one hand, and armed opposition factions, on the other hand, pledged to cease all combat operations including aerial airstrikes, and cease all raids and advancements on the ground. However, military ISIS-held areas (Self-proclaimed the Islamic State) were excluded from the agreement. Since Ankara Ceasefire Agreement went into effect in Syria, bombardment and warplanes' airstrikes (by Syrian regime and Russian forces) rates have declined, and subsequently, the targeting of vital civilian facilities.

In February, attacks against vital civilian facilities by the Syrian regime forces, who is seemingly the party who would be most affected should the Ceasefire Agreement go on, returned to their former levels prior to the Ceasefire Agreement. The purpose of any documentation reports is to accurately identify and deter the perpetrators of violations.

Through daily documentation and monitoring at SNHR, we recorded no less than 108 incidents of attack on vital civilian facilities in February 2017 which are distributed by the influential party as follows:



- A. Syrian regime forces (Army, security, local militias, Shiite foreign militias): 73
- B. Russian forces: 11
- C. Extremist Islamic groups
 - ISIS: 3
- D. Armed opposition factions: 2
- E. Self-management forces (Primarily consisting of the Democratic Union Party – a branch for the Kurdistan Workers’ Party): 1
- F. International coalition forces: 12
- G. Other parties: 6

Most notable facilities that were targeted in February 2017

43 Infrastructures, 17 vital educational facilities, 13 places of worship, 24 vital medical facilities, 5 communal facilities, 5 international humanitarian insignia, 1 refugee camps.

For more information on the methodology adopted by SNHR for classifying vital civilian facilities, see the following [URL](#)



Attacks on these facilities are distributed by the influential party

Distribution of the Vital Civilian Facilities that were Targeted in February 2017

Distribution of the Vital Civilian Facilities that were Targeted in February 2017							
The Perpetrator Party	Syrian Regime Forces	Russian Forces	ISIS	Armed Opposition Factions	Kurdish Self-management Forces	International Coalition Forces	Other Parties
Targeted Facility							
Places of Worship							
Mosques	13						
Vital Educational Facilities							
Schools	9	2	1	1		1	
Kindergartens	3						
Vital Medical Facilities							
Medical Facilities	11	6					1
Ambulances	6						
Communal Facilities							
Gardens	1						
Markets	3						1
International Humanitarian Insignia							
Syrian Arab Red Crescent (SARC)	1			1			3
Infrastructures							
Power Stations			1				1
Civil Defense Centers	13						
Water Systems	1					1	
Domestic Animal Farms	1						
Official Headquarters	7					3	
Transportation Systems		3				7	
Bakeries	2						
Industrial Facilities	2						
International Organizations and Locations belonging to International Agencies			1				
Refugee Camps							
Refugee Camps					1		
Total	73	11	3	2	1	12	6



The bombardment and what it entails of systematic killing and destruction by the ruling regime seems to aim mainly to undermine the establishment of any alternative governing system. Also, it leads to residents displacing from opposition-held areas to the regime-held areas which are relatively safer.

If the Security Council is unable to bind the conflict parties to implement Resolution 2139, adopted on February 22, 2016, which states: “Demands that all parties immediately cease all attacks against civilians, as well as the indiscriminate employment of weapons in populated areas, including shelling and aerial bombardment, such as the use of barrel bombs”, it should at least apply pressure mainly on Syrian regime forces to cease attacks against vital facilities such as schools, hospitals, markets, bakeries, and places of worship. This report sheds light on the attacks against vital civilian facilities by the main parties. This operation is primarily carried out through our researches who are scattered across Syrian governorates with the cooperation and coordination of the local residents and activists. It should be noted that this is the bare minimum in light of the many practical obstructions we encounter during documentations. SNHR can confirm, through its investigations, that there were no military centers in the centers mentioned in the report before or during the attacks. The Syrian regime, and other perpetrators, are going to have to justify their actions before the United Nations and the Security Council.

II. Details

The report sheds light on incidents of attack against vital civilian facilities except for the details of the attacks on vital medical facilities, civil defense centers, and international humanitarian insignia which were put in a past monthly report: [“Nine Medical and Civil Defense Personnel Killed - 42 Incidents of Attack on Vital Medical and Civil Defense Facilities in February 2017”](#)

A. Syrian regime forces (Army, security, local militias, Shiite foreign militias)

Places of worship

- Mosques

Thursday noon, February 2, 2017, Syrian regime forces and pro-regime militias fired an artillery shell at the southern neighborhood’s [mosque](#) in Madaya town in northwestern Damascus suburbs governorate. The shell fell in front of the mosque, whose building and cladding materials were moderately [damaged](#). The town is under the control of armed opposition factions.



Friday, February 3, 2017, Syrian regime artillery fired shells at al Eman mosque in Madaya town in northwestern Damascus suburbs governorate. The mosque building and its cladding materials were moderately damaged. The town is under the control of armed opposition factions.

Monday, February 6, 2017, Syrian regime helicopters dropped a number of barrel bombs near Abu Obayda ben al Jarraj in Kafr Zita city in the northern suburbs of Hama governorate. No damages were recorded in the mosque. The city is under the control of armed opposition factions.

Tuesday, February 7, 2017, Syrian regime artillery fired a shell at the Grand Mosque in Douma city in Eastern Ghouta in eastern Damascus suburbs governorate. The shell fell in the mosque yard. The mosque building and its cladding materials were moderately damaged. Douma city is under the control of armed opposition factions.

Friday noon, February 10, 2017, Syrian regime artillery stationing in Katibat al Adnaniya fired shells at “Sarj Fare’ village” mosque in the southern suburbs of Aleppo governorate, which resulted in casualties. Additionally, the [mosque](#) building and its cladding materials were partially [destroyed](#). Sarj Fare’ village is under the control of armed opposition factions.

Saturday, February 11, 2017, Syrian regime forces rocket launchers fired a number of rockets near al Rahman mosque in Sfouhin village in the southern suburbs of Idlib governorate. The rockets fell about 50 meters away from the mosque, and no damages were recorded in the mosque. Sfouhin village is under the joint control of armed opposition factions and Fateh al Sham Front.

Friday morning, February 17, 2017, fixed-wing Syrian regime warplanes (Su-22) fired a missile near al Ra’is mosque “known as al Umari mosque” in al Wa’er neighborhood in Homs city. The missile fell about 100 meters away from the mosque. The cladding materials on the mosque building was moderately damaged. The neighborhood is under the control of armed opposition factions.

Friday, February 17, 2017, fixed-wing Syrian regime/Russian forces warplanes (Investigations are still ongoing to accurately identify the perpetrator party) fired a number of missiles at Osama ben Zaid mosque in the eastern neighborhood in Bosra al Sham city in the



eastern suburbs of Daraa governorate. The [mosque](#) building, its furniture, and cladding materials were heavily [damaged](#). The city is under the control of armed opposition factions.



Friday, February 17, 2017, fixed-wing Syrian regime/Russian forces warplanes (Investigations are still ongoing to accurately identify the perpetrator party) fired a number of missiles near Abu Bakr al Siddeeq mosque in Bosra al Sham city in the eastern suburbs of Daraa governorate. The mosque building, its cladding materials, and furniture were moderately damaged. The city is under the control of armed opposition factions.

Sunday noon, February 19, 2017, fixed-wing Syrian regime forces warplanes fired a number of missiles near Ali ben Abe Taleb mosque in Nasib village in the eastern suburbs of Daraa governorate. The missiles fell a few meters away from the mosque, whose building and cladding materials were heavily damaged. As a result, the mosque was temporarily rendered out of commission. The village is under the control of armed opposition factions.



Tuesday, February 21, 2017, fixed-wing Syrian regime forces warplanes fired a missile near Termalla village's Grand Mosque in the southern suburbs of Idlib governorate. The missile fell about 50 meters away from the mosque, where no damages were recorded. The village is under the joint control of armed opposition factions and Fateh al Sham Front.

Sunday, February 26, 2017, around 14:52, fixed-wing Syrian regime forces warplanes (Su-22) fired two missiles in the vicinity of Shu'aib mosque in western Idlib city. The missiles fell about 100 meters away from the mosque, whose building was slightly damaged. The city is under the joint control of armed opposition factions and Fateh al Sham Front.

Monday, February 27, 2017, Syrian regime forces artillery fired a number of mortar shells that fell near Abu Bakr al Siddeeq mosque, known as the Grand Mosque, in al Qaboun neighborhood in northeastern Damascus city. The mosque building and furniture were moderately [damaged](#). The neighborhood is under the control of armed opposition factions.

Vital educational facilities

- Schools

Friday, February 3, 2017, fixed-wing Syrian regime forces warplanes (MiG-21) fired a number of missiles near al Mutanabbi high school in the northern parts of Idlib city. The school building and its furniture were slightly damaged. The city is under the joint control of armed opposition factions and Fateh al Sham Front.

Monday, February 6, 2017, fixed-wing Syrian regime forces warplanes fired a missile at Ma'aret Harma high school in Ma'aret Harma village in the southern suburbs of Idlib governorate. The missile fell in the middle of the schoolyard. One of the classrooms was destroyed, and the cladding materials on the school building were moderately damaged. [Ma'aret Harma village](#) is under the joint control of armed opposition factions and Fateh al Sham Front.

Monday, February 6, 2017, fixed-wing Syrian regime forces warplanes fired a missile at

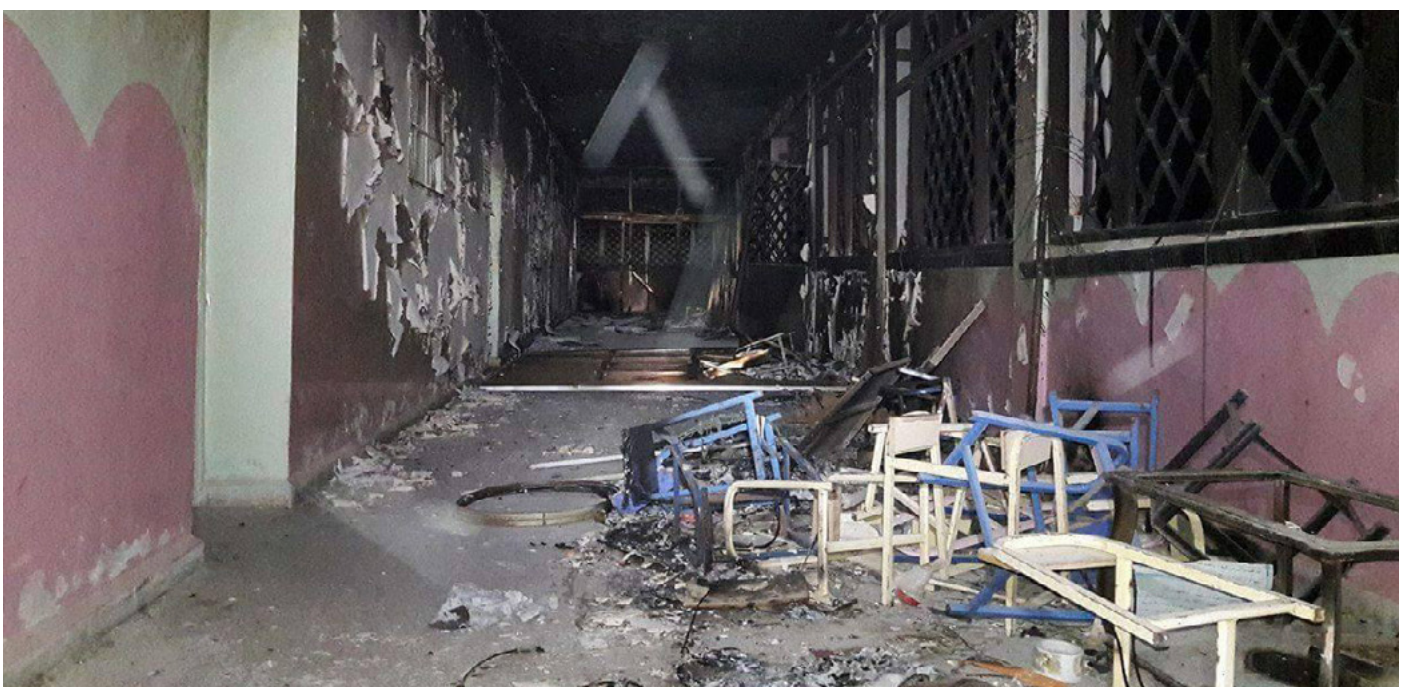


Ahmad Yassin elementary school in Ma'aret Harma village in the southern suburbs of Idlib governorate. The school building and its fences were moderately damaged. The [village](#) is under the joint control of armed opposition factions and Fateh al Sham Front.

Saturday, February, 11, 2017, Syrian regime forces rocket launchers fired a number of rockets that fell near Sfouhin school for boys in Sfouhin village in the southern suburbs of Idlib governorate. The missiles fell about 10 meters away from the school. The school fence was slightly damaged. The village is under the joint control of armed opposition factions and Fateh al Sham Front.

Friday, February 17, 2017, fixed-wing Syrian regime/Russian forces warplanes (Investigations are still ongoing to accurately identify the perpetrator party) fired a number of missiles at the Martyr Farid al Najm school in the western parts of Bosra al Sham city in the eastern suburbs of Daraa governorate. The school building, its cladding materials, and furniture were moderately damaged. The city is under the control of armed opposition factions.

Thursday, February 23, 2017, fixed-wing Syrian regime forces warplanes fired a missile near an educational complex that contains [Walid Sha'ban high school](#), a girls' high school, and al Basel kindergarten -which occupies a part of the girls' high school buildings- in the northern parts of Jesr al Shoghour city in the western suburbs of Idlib governorate. The kindergarten building was partially destroyed and a fire broke out inside it. Also, the other two schools' buildings were slightly damaged. The city is under the joint control of armed opposition factions and Fateh al Sham Front.



Saturday, February 25, 2017, around 12:30, fixed-wing Syrian regime forces warplanes fired a number of missiles near [Ghazi high school](#) for girls in Douma city in Eastern Ghouta in Damascus suburbs governorate. The missiles fell a few meters away from the high school, whose [building](#) was heavily destroyed and its cladding [materials](#) were heavily [damaged](#). Douma city is under the control of armed opposition factions.



Sunday, February 26, 2017, fixed-wing Syrian regime forces warplanes fired a number of missiles near Qurtoba elementary school in al Wa'er neighborhood in [western Homs](#) city. The school fence was partially destroyed, and its [building](#) and cladding materials were heavily [damaged](#). The neighborhood is under the control of armed opposition factions.



- Kindergartens

Friday, February 10, 2017, fixed-wing Syrian regime forces warplanes fired a number of missiles near al Anwar kindergarten in the western parts of Binnish city in the northern suburbs of Idlib governorate. The missiles fell about 50 meters away from the kindergarten. The cladding materials on the kindergarten building were moderately damaged. Binnish city is under the joint control of armed opposition factions and Fateh al Sham Front.

Thursday February 16, 2017, fixed-wing Syrian regime/Russian forces warplanes (Investigations are still ongoing to accurately identify the perpetrator party) fired a number of missiles near Shu'a' al Amal kindergarten in [al N'aima village](#) in the eastern suburbs of Daraa governorate. The school building and its cladding materials were moderately [damaged](#). The [village](#) is under the control of armed opposition factions.



Communal facilities

- Gardens

Saturday, February 25, 2017, fixed-wing Syrian regime forces warplanes fired a missile near al Mashtal garden in the western parts of Idlib city. The garden and its fence were moderately damaged. The city is under the joint control of armed opposition factions and Fateh al Sham Front.

- Markets

Tuesday, February 7, 2017, Syrian regime forces artillery fired shells at the urban market in Douma city in Eastern Ghouta in Damascus suburbs governorate. The market facilities and a number of shops were moderately damaged. The city is under the control of armed opposition factions.

Saturday, February 25, 2017, around 16:00, fixed-wing Syrian regime forces warplanes fired three missiles at the main market near al Bazar circle in the middle of Ariha city in the southern suburbs of Idlib governorate, which resulted in casualties. Additionally, a [number of shops](#) were heavily [destroyed](#), and the [market facilities](#) were heavily [damaged](#). The city is under the joint control of armed opposition factions and Fateh al Sham Front.





Saturday, February 25, 2017, around 12:00, fixed-wing Syrian regime forces warplanes fired a number of missiles at the market in Douma city in Eastern Ghouta in Damascus suburbs governorate. A number of shops were moderately damaged. Douma city is under the control of armed opposition factions.

Infrastructures

- Water systems

Monday, February 13, 2017, around 12:30, fixed-wing Syrian regime forces warplanes fired missiles at the main water tank in Daraa al Balad area in the middle of Daraa city. The tank was destroyed completely and was rendered out of commission. The tank is located within the parts of Daraa al Balad area that are under the control of armed opposition factions.

- Official headquarters (Institutions – ministries)

Friday, February 3, 2017, fixed-wing Syrian regime forces warplanes fired a number of missiles near Tishreen post office in al Na'oura neighborhood in northern Idlib city. The center [building](#) and its furniture were moderately [damaged](#). Idlib city is under the joint control of armed opposition factions and Fateh al Sham Front.

Sunday, February 5, 2017, Syrian regime rocket launchers stationing in Hama military



airbase fired a surface-to-surface rocket at the Sharia Court which is affiliated to Ahrar al Sham Movement in southern Termalla village in the southern suburbs of Idlib governorate. The guard building was partially destroyed. Additionally, the court building was moderately damaged. The village is under the joint control of armed opposition factions and Fateh al Sham Front.

Monday, February 6, 2017, fixed-wing Syrian regime forces warplanes fired missiles at the Free Syrian Police station -uses the junior high school as a headquarter- in the middle of Ma'aret Harma village in the southern suburbs of Idlib governorate. [The station building](#), its cladding materials, and fences were heavily destroyed. As a result, the station was rendered out of commission. Ma'aret Harma village is under the joint control of armed opposition factions and Fateh al Sham Front.

Sunday, February 12, 2017, fixed-wing Syrian regime/Russian forces warplanes (Investigations are still ongoing to accurately identify the perpetrator party) fired missiles at the "Justice House of Houran" (Dar al Adel fe Houran) in Gharz area in the eastern suburbs of Daraa governorate. The court building was partially destroyed, and its cladding materials and furniture were moderately damaged. Gharz area is under the joint control of armed opposition factions and Fateh al Sham Front.

Saturday, February 25, 2017, around 08:10, fixed-wing Syrian regime forces warplanes fired a missile near a residential building that is adjacent to the Sharia Court building, which is affiliated to Ahrar al Sham Movement, in the eastern parts of Binnish city in the northern suburbs of Idlib governorate, which wounded eight civilians. Additionally, the court building and its cladding materials were moderately damaged. It is worth nothing that the same warplanes resumed their airstrikes in the area after residents and paramedics fathered. The city is under the joint control of armed opposition factions and Fateh al Sham Front.

Saturday, February 25, 2017, fixed-wing Syrian regime forces warplanes fired a missile near [al Sukkar institution](#) in the middle of Ariha city in the southern suburbs of Idlib governorate. The institution building was moderately damaged. The city is under the joint control of armed opposition factions and Fateh al Sham Front.





Sunday, February 26, 2017, around 09:50, fixed-wing Syrian regime forces warplanes (Su-24) fired a missile near Ariha Phone Center in the middle of Ariha city in the southern suburbs of Idlib governorate. The center building was moderately damaged. [Ariha city](#) is under the joint control of armed opposition factions and Fateh al Sham Front.

- Bakeries

Thursday, February 2, 2017, fixed-wing Syrian regime/Russian forces warplanes (Investigations are still ongoing to accurately identify the perpetrator party) fired missiles at al Hayat Bakery in al Qaboun neighborhood in northeastern Damascus city. The bakery building was heavily damaged. As a result, the bakery was rendered out of commission. The neighborhood is under the control of armed opposition factions.

Friday, February 3, 2017, fixed-wing Syrian regime warplanes (MiG-21) fired a number of missiles at al Thura bakery in northern Idlib city. [The bakery building](#) was partially destroyed, and fires broke out in large parts of the bakery. As a result, [the bakery](#) was rendered [out of commission](#). Idlib city is under the joint control of armed opposition factions and Fateh al Sham Front.



- Domestic animal farms

Thursday, February 2, 2017, fixed-wing Syrian regime forces warplanes bombed al Hayat farm for domestic cows in al Qaboun neighborhood in northeastern Damascus city. The farm was moderately damaged. The neighborhood is under the control of armed opposition factions.

- Industrial facilities (pharmaceutical laboratories and medical supplies)

Thursday, February 2, 2017, fixed-wing Syrian regime forces/Russian forces warplanes (Investigations are still ongoing to accurately identify the perpetrator party) fired missiles at al Hayat shoe workshop in al Qaboun neighborhood in northeastern Damascus city, which resulted in casualties. Additionally, the workshop building was heavily damaged. As a result, the workshop was rendered out of commission. Al Qaboun neighborhood is under the control of armed opposition factions.

Thursday noon, February 9, 2017, fixed-wing Syrian regime forces warplanes fired missiles at [Khazna Soda factory](#) in al Sheikh Ali in the [western suburbs of Aleppo](#) governorate. The factory building was partially [destroyed](#), and fires broke out inside the factory. The [village](#) is under the control of armed opposition factions.



B. Russian forces

Vital educational facilities

- Schools

Friday, February 3, 2017, fixed-wing warplanes we believe are Russian fired a number of missiles near al Ma'loumatiya school in al Mayadin city in the eastern suburbs of Deir Ez-Zour governorate. The school building and its furniture were moderately damaged. The city is under the control of ISIS.

Tuesday, February 7, 2017, fixed-wing warplanes we believe are Russian fired a missile at the rural school in Ma'aret Harma village in the southern suburbs of Idlib governorate. The school building was partially destroyed, and its furniture were moderately damaged. The town is under the joint control of armed opposition factions and Fateh al Sham Front.

Infrastructures

- Transportation systems

Sunday morning, February 19, 2017, fixed-wing warplanes we believe are Russian fired a number of missiles at "Za'raya village" bridge. Za'raya village follows Der Hafer city in the eastern suburbs of Aleppo governorate. The bridge was heavily destroyed, and was rendered out of commission. [Za'raya village](#) is under the control of ISIS.



Monday morning, February 20, 2017, fixed-wing warplanes we believe are Russian fired a number of missiles at “al Dawali village” bridge. Al Dawali village follows Der Hafer city in the eastern suburbs of Aleppo governorate. The bridge was [destroyed](#) completely, and was rendered out of commission. Al Dawali village is under the control of ISIS.



Tuesday noon, February 28, 2017, fixed-wing warplanes we believe are Russian fired a number of missiles at “B’aja village” bridge. B’aja village follows Maskana city in the eastern suburbs of Aleppo governorate. The bridge was heavily destroyed and was rendered [out of commission](#). B’aja village is under the control of ISIS.



C. Extremist Islamic groups

ISIS

Vital educational facilities

- Schools

Friday, February 24, 2017, a bombed car driven by an ISIS suicidal bomber exploded near a school in Susyan village which follows al Bab city in the eastern suburbs of Aleppo governorate, which resulted in casualties. Additionally, the school building and its cladding materials were moderately damaged. Susyan village is under the control of Euphrates Shield forces (Turkish forces-backed armed opposition factions).

Infrastructures

- Power stations

Saturday, February 25, 2017, ISIS artillery fired a number of mortar shells at Gaz al Janoub factory "Ebla" in al Fruqlos in the eastern suburbs of Homs governorate, which resulted in fires in the factory building. Also, the factory was heavily damaged, and was rendered out of commission. Additionally, the shelling resulted in a power outage in a number of areas the power stations of which were fed by the factory. Al Fruqlos area is under the control of Syrian regime forces.

International Organizations and Locations belonging to International Agencies

Sunday, February 19, 2017, ISIS armed men raided the Youth Office, which is affiliated to the UNRWA, in al Yarmouk camp in southern Damascus city, where the armed men confiscated the office equipment under the pretext that they are "spoils belonging to the Group". The office was rendered out of commission. Al Yarmouk camp is under the control of ISIS.

D. Armed opposition factions

Vital educational facilities

- Schools

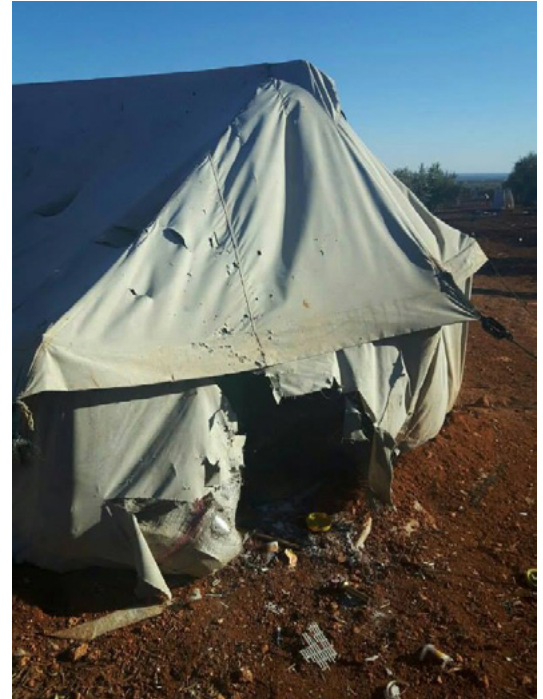
Monday noon, February 20, 2017, a number of locally-made rocket shells fell on Mousa ben Nussair school in New Aleppo neighborhood in western Aleppo city. The shells were fired from an artillery stationing in the vicinity of al Bohouth al Elmiya which is under the control of armed opposition factions. The school fence and its cladding materials were moderately damaged. New Aleppo neighborhood is under the control of Syrian regime forces.



E. Self-management forces (Primarily consisting of the Democratic Union Party – a branch for the Kurdistan Workers’ Party)

Refugee camps

Thursday, February 16, 2017, Self-management forces (Primarily consisting of the Democratic Union Party – a branch for the Kurdistan Workers’ Party) artillery stationing in Kafr Jenna village fired a number of mortar shells at the slum camp in Yazı Bağ village, which follows Izaz city in the northern suburbs of Aleppo governorate. A number of tents were moderately damaged. Yazı Bağ is under the control of armed opposition factions.



F. International coalition forces

Vital educational facilities

- Schools

Thursday, February 16, 2017, fixed-wing international coalition forces warplanes fired a number of missiles near Omar al Mukhtar school in the southern parts of al Tabaqa city in the western suburbs of al Raqqa governorate. The school building was slightly damaged. The city is under the control of ISIS.

Infrastructures

- Official headquarters

Sunday, February 5, 2017, fixed-wing international coalition forces warplanes fired a number of missiles at al Tabaqa Court building in the 1st neighborhood of al Tabaqa city in the western suburbs of al Raqqa governorate. The building was heavily [destroyed](#), and was rendered out of commission. The city is under the control of ISIS.



Thursday, February 16, 2017, fixed-wing international coalition forces warplanes fired a number of missiles at the town hall in al Yamama village in the western suburbs of al Raqqa governorate. The building was destroyed completely and was rendered out of commission. The [village](#) is under the control of ISIS.



Friday, February 24, 2017, fixed-wing international coalition forces warplanes fired a number of missiles at the public institution for al Furat dam in the 1st neighborhood of al Tabaqa city in the western suburbs of al Raqqa governorate. The institution building was heavily destroyed. As a result, the institution was rendered out of commission. The city is under the control of ISIS.

- Water systems

Thursday, February 2, 2017, fixed-wing international coalition forces warplanes fired a number of missiles at al Rashid bridge, known as the New Bridge, in southern al Raqqa city. A drinking-water line that was established above the bridge was destroyed, and drinking-water was cut off in the ISIS-held city.

- Transportation systems

Thursday, February 2, 2017, fixed-wing international coalition forces warplanes fired a number of missiles at al Mansour bridge, known as the Old Bridge, in southern al Raqqa city. One of the bridge openings were destroyed completely. As a result, [the bridge was rendered out of commission](#). It should be noted that the bridge connects the center of [al Raqqa city](#) with its southern and northern suburbs. [Al Raqqa city](#) is under the control of ISIS.

Thursday, February 2, 2017, fixed-wing international coalition forces warplanes fired a number of missiles at al Rashid bridge, known as the New Bridge, in southwestern al Raqqa city. [One of the bridge openings were destroyed completely](#). As a result, the bridge was rendered out of commission. It should be noted that the [bridge](#) connects the center of [al Raqqa city](#) with its southern suburbs. [The city is under the control of ISIS](#).



Thursday, February 2, 2017, fixed-wing international coalition forces warplanes fired a number of missiles at a culvert on an irrigation canal in the northern suburbs of al Raqqa governorate. The culvert was heavily destroyed and was rendered out of commission. The village is under the control of ISIS.

Thursday, February 2, 2017, fixed-wing international coalition forces warplanes fired a number of missiles at al Kalta bridge -which connects al Kalta village with the rest of the villages of al Raqqa governorate's northern suburbs- on al Baleikh river in al Kalta village in the northern suburbs of al Raqqa governorate. The bridge building was destroyed completely, and was rendered out of commission. Al Kalta village is under the control of ISIS.

Friday, February 3, 2017, fixed-wing international coalition forces warplanes fired a number of missiles at al Maghla bridge which is located near [Ma'dan city](#) in the eastern suburbs of al Raqqa governorate. The bridge was destroyed completely and was rendered [out of commission](#). It should be noted that the bridge connects Ma'dan city with al Ahwas [village](#) in the eastern suburbs of al Raqqa governorate. [Ma'dan city](#) is under the control of ISIS.



Friday, February 17, 2017, fixed-wing international coalition forces warplanes fired a number of missiles at al Maghla bridge, which is a small bridge in Maghla al Kabira village that follows the county of Ma'dan in the eastern suburbs of al Raqqa governorate. The bridge building was heavily destroyed and was rendered out of commission. Maghla al Kabira village is under the control of ISIS.

Monday, February 20, 2017, fixed-wing international coalition forces warplanes fired a number of missiles at al [Mansour bridge](#), known as the Old Bridge, [in southern al Raqqa city](#). The bridge was partially destroyed. It should be noted that the bridge was rendered [out of commission](#) on Thursday, February 2, 2017, after it was targeted by the same warplanes. Al Raqqa city is under the control of ISIS.

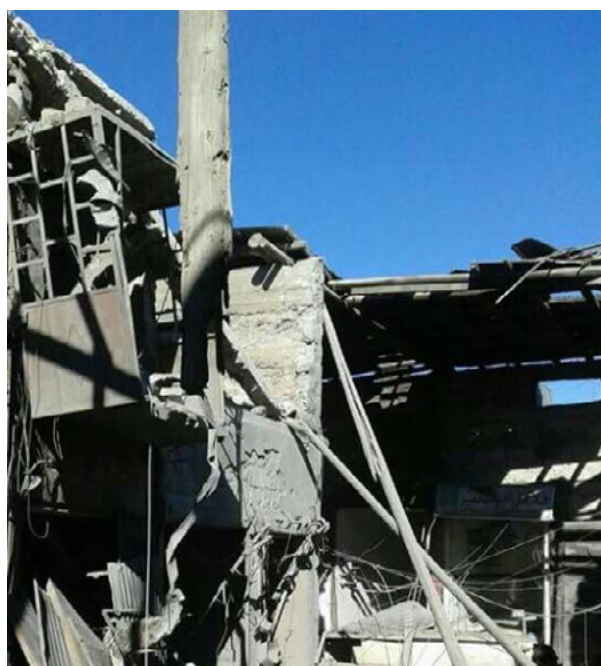


F. Other parties

Communal facilities

- Markets

Friday noon, February 3, 2017, fixed-wing warplanes backing Euphrates Shield (Turkish forces-backed armed opposition factions) fired missiles at [the roofed market in al Bab city](#) in the eastern suburbs of Aleppo governorate. [The market roof](#), as well as a number of [shops](#), were [partially destroyed](#). The city was, at the time of the attack, under the control of ISIS whereas it is, at the time of this writing, under the control of Euphrates Shield.



Infrastructures

- Power stations

Sunday, February 5, 2017, unknowns blew the gas line -that feeds al Nasiriya power station- which passes through Jayroud city in northwestern Damascus suburbs governorate. A part of the line was destroyed. As a result, the line was rendered out of commission. As of this writing, we haven't been able to identify the bombers or the method used in the bombing. The area is under the control of armed opposition factions.

III. Conclusions and Recommendations

According to the international humanitarian law, indiscriminate, deliberate, or disproportionate attacks are considered as unlawful attacks. Syrian regime forces' attacks against schools, hospitals, mosques, and bakeries is an utter disregard for the most basic standards of the international humanitarian law and the Security Council Resolution.

Additionally, Russian forces, armed opposition factions, ISIS, Kurdish Self-management forces international coalition forces, and other parties (Includes groups that we weren't able to identify and the Turkish, Lebanese, and Jordanian forces) have attacked some of these facilities. The indiscriminate random bombardment is a violation of the international humanitarian law and amounts to a war crime.

Conclusions

The Security Council

- 1- Bind all parties, especially Syrian regime forces considering that they are the main perpetrator of most of these violations, to implement Resolution 2139 and, at least, condemn the targeting of vital civilian facilities that are indispensable for the lives of civilians.
- 2- A comprehensive arms embargo must be imposed on the Syrian government as it has been involved in gross violations of international laws and Security Council Resolutions.
- 3- Deem the states that supply Syrian regime forces and groups that have been involved in crimes against civilians with weapons partners in these crimes in addition to all supplies and distributors.





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